## SORA Update

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## Federal litigation: Does I

- Eastern District 2015 decisions:
  - Exclusion zones and certain in-person reporting unconstitutionally vague
  - Certain in-person reporting violated First Amendment
  - No strict liability for violating SORA
- 6<sup>th</sup> Circuit 2016 decision: retroactive application of 2006 and 2011 amendments was ex post facto punishment

## Federal Litigation: Does II

- But the State continued to enforce  $\rightarrow Does\ II$  class action
- February 2020 decision and August 2021 final judgment
- Permanent injunction:
  - No liability at all under old statute if registrable offense before 7/1/2011 because cannot sever unconstitutional provisions.
  - Post 2011 registrants: not liable for violations under certain provisions of old statute; no strict liability.

## Federal Litigation: Interim Order Suspending Enforcement During Pandemic

- SORA enforcement suspended during pandemic
- Order in effect from Feb. 14, 2020 to March 24, 2021
- No liability for any registrant for registration, verification, school zone or fee violations

## People v Betts

- July 27, 2021
- 2011 SORA is punishment
- If registerable offense occurred before 7/1/11, SORA is ex post facto punishment

## Why is it punishment?

- Geographic exclusion zones: effectively banish a person from a community
- Public internet registry: shaming and ostracism
- Resembles parole: "significant amount of supervision by the state on registrants"

## Why is it punishment?

- Onerous burdens: exclusion zones; in-person reporting
- Promotes deterrence
- Retributive: no individualized determination of the dangerousness of each registrant; registration is based on the offense alone

## Why is it punishment?

- SORA's efficacy is unclear and its restraints are therefore excessive:
  - Duration based on offense not risk
  - Remain on registry long beyond sentence, probation, treatment
  - Geographic exclusion zones even if offense not against a child; most offenses against children are by someone they know
  - In-person reporting even if no information had changed

## Remedy

- Cannot sever
- Cannot revive an earlier version
- "2011 SORA may not be retroactively applied to registrants whose criminal acts subjecting them to registration occurred before the enactment of the 2011 SORA amendments."

#### THE KICKER

- The Legislature enacted a new SORA to allegedly comply with the federal litigation
- Effective 3/24/21
- Spoiler alert: It's still punishment and still unconstitutional.

#### 2021 SORA

- The good:
  - Eliminates geographic exclusion zones
  - Allows for expunged convictions to discontinue registration
  - HYTA not considered a conviction for SORA purposes unless revoked/discharged unsuccessfully
  - Pre-2011: do not have to register email or internet identifiers
  - Violations must be willful

#### 2021 SORA

- The unconstitutional, punitive bad:
  - Remains offense based with no individualized assessment of risk
  - Long registration periods most registrants on for life
  - Even more extensive reporting requirements that are even harder to understand; many are immediate and in-person
  - Highly stigmatizing public website; contains vast amount of information which can now include email/internet
  - No ability to petition for removal
  - Annual fee

# How do I advise my client? What can I do?

Any advice is dependent on the date the underlying registerable offense was **committed**, and the date the SORA compliance violation was committed.

## Prosecutions for violating old SORA

- Registerable offense occurred before 7/1/2011:
  - Cannot be prosecuted for any compliance offense under old statute
  - Trial court: ask that the prosecution be dismissed pursuant to *Betts* and *Does II*
  - Direct appeal: file notice of supplemental authority and ask for the conviction to be vacated
  - Conviction final: Motion for Relief from Judgment: MCR 6.500
  - PSIR

## Prosecutions for violating old SORA

- Registerable offense occurred after 7/1/11
  - Not liable for:
    - Most violations between 2/14/20 and 3/24/21 (Covid-related)
    - Violating the geographic exclusion zones
    - Failing to report "routinely used" phone numbers, vehicles, emails, or instant messenger usernames
    - Failing to report internet information in-person within three days and certain other internet requirements
- Can only be prosecuted for knowing (willful) violations of 2011 SORA

### Prosecutions for violating old SORA

- Registerable offense occurred after 7/1/11 and SORA compliance violation involves an unconstitutional provision or conduct between 2/14/20 and 3/24/21
  - Trial court: ask that the prosecution be dismissed pursuant to *Does II*
  - Direct appeal: file notice of supplemental authority and ask for the conviction to be vacated
  - Conviction final: Motion for Relief from Judgment: MCR 6.500

#### Prosecutions under SORA 2021

- Does I, Does II, and Betts all involved old SORA
  - Important implications for SORA 2021, but constitutionality of new law yet to be litigated
- Regardless of registrable offense date, could be prosecuted pending challenges to SORA 2021
  - Does III coming soon; discourage other civil litigation
  - Look for sample pleadings for criminal cases by the end of October

#### Prosecutions under SORA 2021

- Insist that prosecution prove willfulness
  - Very confusing requirements
  - Notice sent by state was incomprehensible
  - State has no records of whether your client received mailing about new law
- Incorporate any beneficial registry terms (e.g. no/private registry, shorter term) in plea agreements

## Prosecutions under SORA 2021: Registrable Offense Before 7/1/11

- Challenge SORA 2021 as:
  - Ex post facto punishment
  - Cruel/unusual punishment
  - Disproportionate/inaccurate sentence based on no risk assessment
  - Due process
  - Ground in federal and state constitutions

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## Prosecutions under SORA 2021: Confusion Around Interim Order

- Interim Order in *Does II* barred most prosecutions during pandemic
- After new law, mass confusion about whether interim order still in effect
  - Interim order still posted on MSP website and some police won't allow registration
  - Final *Does II* judgment in August 2021 made clear that interim order only lasted till 3/24/2021, but no notice yet to *Does II* class
- Argue cannot be strictly liable and prosecution must prove willfulness